U2-LM1B-WorkSheet - Periodic Table

1.	The law that states that the properties of the elements are periodic functions of their atomic number is			
2.	Elements in the periodic table are arranged in order of increasing			
3.	In the periodic table, each horizontal row is referred to as On the other hand, each vertical column is called a or			
4.	In a orelements have similar properties.			
5.	The elements of Group IA in the periodic table, except hydrogen, belong to the family, while the elements of Group IIA belong to the family.			
6.	The following elements: F, Cl, Br, and I belong to the family; they all exist as molecules in their most stable form.			
7.	The elements in Group 18 (8A) are part of the family.			
	The periodic table is also divided into blocks that include the metals and the non-metals. Metals exist on the side of the periodic table. Nonmetals exist on the side of the periodic table. Except for all metals are solids at room temperature.			
10	.The non-metal that is a liquid at room temperature is			
11	.The nonmetal that is not a good heat insulator is			
12	.Except for nonmetals have poor electrical conductivity.			
13	.The elements with properties intermediate between metals and nonmetals are known as or Three elements of this type are, and			
14	. Elements in the A groups are calledelements.			
15	. Elements in the B groups are known as theelements.			

16. Write down the name of the	he element represented eac	ch symbol:	
Al	Au	Ar	
Sn	Si	Hg	
F	Fe	K	
Br	В	Ва	
0	Р	Xe	
Не	Mg	Mn	
17. Write down the symbol of each of the following elements:			
nickel	nitrogen	lithium	
silver	lead	antimony	
selenium	tungsten	rubidium	
strontium	neon	sodium	
sulfur	zinc	arsenic	
18. Under the name of each element, write its symbol: Calcium, carbon, copper, chromium, cobalt, chlorine, cesium, cadmium			
19. There are seven elements that exist in nature as diatomic molecules them here with their elemental name and in symbolic form.			

Please list